

Influence of Internet and its Connectivity in Workplace - A Comprehensive Analysis

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Abstract

This study examines the impact of internet connectivity on workplace productivity, using a sample of 500 employees from different industries. By integrating quantitative and qualitative research methods, the study evaluates how internet speed and consistency affect task completion rates, project turnaround times, and overall employee output. Findings expose a significant positive connection between high-quality internet connectivity and increased productivity, with notable industry-specific variations. Employees with robust internet access report improved efficiency, reduced frustration, and improved collaboration. Qualitative insights from interviews underscore the importance of stable internet for maintaining workflow continuity and job satisfaction. These results highlight the critical role of internet connectivity in optimizing organizational performance and recommend tactical investments in digital infrastructure to strengthen productivity.

Keywords: Internet Connectivity, Workplace Productivity, Employee Output, Internet Speed, Task Completion Rates, Digital Infrastructure.

1. Introduction

The internet has fundamentally altered the modern workplace, making high-speed connectivity a vital component of organizational infrastructure. The growth of digital tools, cloud computing, and remote work has highlighted the importance of reliable internet access in enhancing productivity [1]. High-quality internet connectivity enables continuous

communication, real-time collaboration, and efficient access to information, all of which are important for maximizing employee performance [13]. In industries such as IT and finance, where real-time data processing is critical, robust internet connectivity can significantly boost productivity by reducing delays and improving workflow efficiency [15].

However, the relationship between internet connectivity and productivity is complex. While high-speed internet can improve efficiency and performance, poor connectivity can lead to frustration, downtime, and decreased productivity [14]. Previous studies have indicated that organizations with better internet infrastructure report higher productivity levels, but these studies often focus on quantitative metrics, overlooking the qualitative experiences of employees [2]. This study aims to bridge this gap by exploring both the statistical impact of internet connectivity on productivity and the personal experiences of employees across various industries. By combining quantitative data with qualitative insights, this research will provide a comprehensive understanding of how internet connectivity influences workplace productivity and identify key areas for improvement.

2. Literature Survey

Research on the relationship between internet connectivity and workplace productivity exposes a complex interaction of factors. Al-Hashimi et al. [3] studied the impact of internet addiction in the workplace on employee performance. The author stated that internet addiction has a high effect on employee productivity, with the majority of employees spending over 6 hours per day on the internet for entertainment. Kim examines the impact of mobile and wired ICT on national productivity in developed and developing countries, finding that mobile ICT is important for productivity in developing countries but wired ICT has no significant impact. Mobile ICT plays an important role in increasing national productivity in developing countries. Wired ICT has no substantial effect on national productivity in either developed or developing countries [4]. Twumasi investigates how the use of the internet can help improve fish farm productivity in Ghana, finding that internet use is affected by domestic factors and can increase farm productivity, with greater impacts for female-headed households and those without offfarm work [5]. Yu analyzes how the development of the internet affects industrial green total factor productivity (IGTFP) in China, finding that the internet has an important optimistic impact on IGTFP both in the short-term and long-term, with a 3D effect, and that this impact is driven by both industrial structure advancement and technological innovation, with the latter having a stronger result [6]. Hall found that the relationship between work from home during COVID-19 and mental health and productivity is complex, with no clear consensus on the association. Those who start work from home for the first time during a pandemic may be at risk of poor productivity, and those who experience poor mental health may also be at risk [7]. Awada examined how worker, workspace, and work-related factors affected productivity and time spent working from home during the COVID-19 pandemic, finding that overall productivity did not change but certain factors influenced productivity and time spent on working [8]. Hjort provides an overview of existing evidence on the extent to which, and how, internet connectivity affects economic development in developing countries, finding that the impacts differ commonly depending on the context and form of internet studied, with some settings seeing considerable economic impacts [9]. Nurmi investigated how connectivity demands affect interactive relationships and outcomes for global experts, and found that different ways of enacting connectivity can have different effects [10].

3. Methodology

This study employs a mixed-method research design to widely examine the relationship between internet connectivity and workplace productivity. By integrating both quantitative and qualitative approaches, the research captures a broad range of data. Quantitatively, a structured survey was administered to 500 employees across various industries, measuring internet speed, consistency, and key output metrics such as task completion rates and project turnaround times. Qualitatively, in-depth interviews with 50 selected employees provided rich, appropriate insights into personal experiences and observations regarding internet connectivity's impact on their work. The combination of these methods allows for a healthy analysis, with quantitative data offering statistical validity and qualitative data adding depth to the understanding of how internet connectivity influences productivity and job satisfaction.

3.1 Sampling Method

A sample of 500 employees from various industries, including IT, finance, healthcare, education, and retail, was selected. The sample included employees from organizations with varying internet connectivity levels, ranging from low-quality to high-quality internet access. A stratified random sampling method was used to ensure a representative sample across different industries and varying levels of internet connectivity quality.

3.1.1 Stratified Random Sampling

The population of employees was divided into different subgroups based on two key variables, one is based on Type of Industry like IT, finance, healthcare, education, retail and another one is based on the Quality of internet connection (high, medium, low). From each subgroup, a random sample of employees was selected. This ensures that each subgroup is sufficiently represented in the final sample, allowing for a more comprehensive analysis of the relationship between internet connectivity and productivity across different backgrounds.

By ensuring that all main subgroups are represented, the results of the study are more generalizable to the entire population. Stratified random sampling [16] can lead to greater accuracy in estimating the overall impact of internet connectivity on productivity because it controls for variability within subgroups. This method allows for detailed comparisons between different divisions, providing more detailed explanations into how internet connectivity impacts productivity in various industries and at different levels of connectivity quality. The following Figure 1 illustrates the stratified random sampling method.

| Population | Strata | Random selection | Sample |
|------------|---------|---|--------|
| | → ····· | $\rightarrow \begin{array}{c} i \downarrow i \downarrow i \downarrow i \downarrow i \downarrow \downarrow$ | |

Figure 1. Stratified Random Sampling Method

Sampling Steps

Step – 1: Initially, the population gets divided into groups based on industry and internet connectivity quality.

Step -2: The total sample size of 500 employees were selected proportionally from the divided groups to reflect their representation in the population.

Step -3: Within each divided group, employees were randomly selected to participate in the survey and interviews.

3.1.2 Proposed Distribution

| S.no | Industry Type | Employees |
|------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | IT | 100 employees |
| 2 | Finance | 100 employees |
| 3 | Healthcare | 100 employees |
| 4 | Education | 100 employees |
| 5 | Retail | 100 employees |

Table 1. Industry Strata

Table 2. Strata based on Quality of Internet Connection

| S.no | Quality of Internet | Employees |
|------|---------------------|---------------|
| 1 | High | 250 employees |
| 2 | Medium | 150 employees |
| 3 | Low | 100 employees |

Tables 1 and 2 shows the samples collected from the various industries and different range of internet connection. And then in this study using a questionnaire is essential for analytically gathering quantitative and qualitative data from a large, diverse sample of employees across various industries. This method allows for efficient collection of standardized responses, simplifying statistical analysis of key variables such as internet speed, reliability, and productivity metrics. The standardized format ensures comparison of data, while the scalability of questionnaires enables reaching a broad audience, thereby enhancing the generalizability of the findings and providing a comprehensive understanding of the relationship between internet connectivity and workplace productivity. Using questionnaires in this research on the relationship between internet connectivity and productivity in the workplace offers some crucial advantages. Questionnaires enable the collection of standardized data from a large and diverse sample, ensuring that the findings are robust and generalizable. They provide a cost-effective and efficient method to gather quantitative metrics on various features of internet connectivity, such as speed, reliability, and frequency of issues, and how these factors impact productivity metrics like task completion rates, deadline adherence, and overall productivity. Questionnaires are easy to manage and can be distributed widely, making them suitable for reaching employees across different industries and geographical locations. They also simplify secrecy, encouraging honest and accurate responses, which is crucial for understanding the true impact of internet connectivity on productivity and job satisfaction. By structuring the questionnaire with Likert-scale questions, the research can quantify subjective experiences, allowing for a detailed analysis of correlations between internet quality and various productivity and satisfaction indicators. Overall, the use of questionnaires provides comprehensive and illegal insights into how improving internet connectivity can improve workplace productivity and employee well being. The following questionnaire in Figure 2 is used for the analysis



Figure 2. Questionnaire

4. Influential Factors and Observations

The Table 3 below shows the influential factors and observations.

| Influential Factor | Observations | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| Internet Speed | High-speed internet significantly boosts task completion | |
| | rates and efficiency. | |
| Internet Reliability | Reliable internet reduces interruption and frustration, | |
| | leading to higher productivity and job satisfaction. | |
| Frequency of | Frequent issues correlate with lower productivity and | |
| Connectivity Issues | higher frustration levels among employees. | |
| Task Efficiency | Employees with fast and reliable internet report higher | |
| | efficiency in completing tasks. | |
| Collaboration and | Effective collaboration tools require high-quality | |
| Communication | internet, improving teamwork and project outcomes. | |
| Job Satisfaction | Reliable internet significantly enhances job satisfaction, | |
| | reducing stress and improving morale. | |
| Impact on Deadlines | Internet speed directly impacts the ability to meet | |
| | deadlines, with slower speeds causing delays. | |
| Overall Productivity | High-quality internet is crucial for maintaining overall | |
| | productivity across different industries. | |
| Employee Morale | Good internet connectivity boosts employee morale and | |
| | reduces stress. | |
| Remote Work | Reliable internet is essential for effective remote work, | |
| Feasibility | influencing productivity and flexibility. | |
| Training and | Online training is more effective with high-speed | |
| Development | internet, enhancing skill acquisition and development. | |
| Customer Service | Fast and reliable internet improves the speed and quality | |
| Efficiency | of customer service interactions. | |
| Data Security and | Secure and reliable internet connections reduce the risk | |
| Privacy | of data breaches, enhancing overall productivity. | |

Table 3. Influential Factors and Observations

| Access to Online | Easy access to online resources and tools is facilitated |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Resources | by high-speed internet, improving productivity. |
| Technical Support Dependency | Dependence on technical support is reduced with reliable internet, leading to fewer work interruptions. |

High-quality internet connectivity positively impacts employee confidence, reducing stress and enhancing job satisfaction, as indicated by higher confidence scores for employees with reliable internet access. Reliable internet is crucial for effective remote work, influencing both productivity and flexibility, with a majority of employees finding remote work possible with high-quality internet. Online training programs are more effective with high-speed internet, facilitating better skill acquisition and development, showing a positive correlation between internet speed and training effectiveness. Fast and reliable internet improves the speed and quality of customer service interactions, enhancing overall customer satisfaction. Secure and reliable internet connections reduce the risk of data crashes, contributing to overall productivity by ensuring a safe working environment, with employees perceiving better data security with reliable internet. Easy access to online resources and tools is facilitated by high-speed internet, leading to fewer work interruptions and higher productivity, demonstrating an inverse relationship between technical support dependency and internet reliability.

The following graphs in Figure 3 and 4 shows the clear relationship between internet connectivity quality and both productivity and employee satisfaction. High-quality internet connectivity correlates with higher task completion rates and lower frustration levels, underscoring its critical role in enhancing workplace productivity.



Figure 3. Frustration Levels by Quality of Internet Connection



Figure 4. Average Task Completion Rate by Quality of Internet Connection

5. Plans to Implement

By implementing the following comprehensive solutions, organizations can significantly improve internet connectivity, which directly improves productivity, job satisfaction, and overall employee well-being. This complete approach ensures that both technical and human aspects are addressed, creating a more efficient and harmonious workplace. To improve internet connectivity and productivity in the workplace, a comprehensive implementation plan is necessary, the following plans are used to improve the internet connectivity.

5.1 Conducting Frequent Assessments and Surveys

We can conduct surveys and interviews for employees to gather data on internet speed, reliability, and connectivity issues. Additionally, a comprehensive inspection of the present network hardware and software can be performed to identify blocks and outdated components. Evaluating network usage patterns time to time helps determine peak usage times and bandwidth necessities. Based on this information, key areas for development can be identified and listed, focusing on advancements that offer the highest return on investment. This analysis helps to create detailed implementation roadmap, including the requirements on timelines, resources, and budget estimates [11].

5.2 Upgrading the Network Infrastructure based on the Requirement

We can upgrade the network infrastructure to improve internet speed and capacity. This includes subscribing to fiber optic internet plans and receiving modern networking hardware such as gigabit routers and switches. Establishing redundant internet connections with multiple Internet Service Providers (ISPs) ensures continuous connectivity. This helps to ensure that the organization has a robust and reliable internet infrastructure capable of supporting its business operations efficiently.

5.3 Enabling Additional Network Monitoring and Security

Enabling advanced network monitoring and security are critical to maintaining network performance and protecting sensitive data. Network monitoring tools can be installed to continuously track internet performance and identify issues in real-time. A regular maintenance schedule is established for considering network hardware and software updates, ensuring stable and reliable network performance. Strong data security measures, including Virtual Private Networks (VPNs), encryption software, firewalls, and security information and event management (SIEM) systems, can be implemented to protect data integrity and privacy [12]. These measures can support to improve the security of the network and reduce the risk of data breaks.

5.4 Training Employees to Handle Internet Issues

Employee training and the deployment of advanced association tools will play a crucial role in maximizing productivity. A Learning Management System (LMS) can be set up to provide training for employees on the efficient use of internet properties and digital tools.

Advanced association tools, such as video conferencing software, project management platforms, and real-time messaging apps can be implemented to improve teamwork and communication. Employees can be trained on how to effectively use these tools, ensuring they can collaborate efficiently.

5.5 Enabling Remote Work and Applications to Support Employees

Supporting remote work and employee well-being is essential for maintaining productivity and job satisfaction. Remote workers can be prepared with high-speed internet devices and necessary hardware, and remote desktop software and cloud services are set up for seamless integration with office systems. Wellness programs can be developed to support overall employee well-being and reduce stress related to connectivity issues. Mental health support resources and wellness apps are encouraged to promote relaxation and stress relief. This will help to ensure that the remote employees are productive and supported.

5.6 Encouraging Continuous Improvement

Enabling continuous improvement through regular feedback and analysis will play a major role. Survey tools can be used to collect employee feedback on internet connectivity and productivity issues regularly. This feedback will then be analyzed to identify trends and recurring issues, and the insights gained can be used to make continuous improvements to the internet infrastructure and support systems. By regularly reviewing survey results and adjusting the network infrastructure and support based on the findings, the organization can ensure sustained high productivity and employee satisfaction.

6. Conclusion

In conclusion, the relationship between internet connectivity and workplace productivity is crucial in the modern digital era. This research emphasizes the significant impact of reliable internet on various aspects such as employee confidence, remote work probability, training and development, customer service efficiency, data security, access to online resources, and technical support need. To address these challenges, a comprehensive implementation plan is essential, starting with a thorough assessment and planning phase to identify and list improvements. Upgrading to fiber optic internet, establishing redundant connections, and ensuring robust network security measures are critical steps in enhancing connectivity. Additionally, continuous network monitoring, regular maintenance, and strong data security protocols help maintain performance and protect data integrity. Training employees through a Learning Management System (LMS) and deploying advanced collaboration tools improve teamwork and communication, while reorganized technical support reduces data breaks. Supporting remote work with high-speed internet devices and wellness programs is important for maintaining productivity and job satisfaction, especially in remote and hybrid work models. Regular feedback and continuous improvement processes ensure that the internet infrastructure evolves to meet changing needs, leading to continued high productivity and employee satisfaction. Overall, the proposed solutions offer an approach to enhancing internet connectivity, eventually improving workplace productivity and employee well-being.

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